Long continuous production with stable and high quality is possible.

Descaling of Ball Screws and the Finishing Method

Descaling of ball screws by wet blasting has various advantages over buffing and brush polishing The following describes the unique features of wet blasting, which achieve stable production with high quality and reduce the costs and processes.

Before processing

After wet blast processing

Enlarged surface photograph

Enlarged surface photograph

Features of descaling by wet blast

Smooth surface

The use of a fine stainless abrasive results in a smooth surface. The surface becomes shiny with fewer scratches and dents.

Stable quality

Long operation using a long-life stainless abrasive is possible, minimizing quality variations anc achieving stable quality.

Shortened processes

Mixing of scales and crushed particles with water prevents dust generation and improves the working environment.

Compatible with complex shapes

Since this wet processing is performed according to the shape of a workpiece, the grooves of a ball screw can be evenly processed regardless of the shape of the screw.



Film removal and surface polishing of rolled ball screw shafts and nuts Data provided by Ogiso Kogyo Co., Ltd.

Wet blasting reduces surface roughness by 40% and operating noise from 60.2 dB to 56.9 dB.

The measurement data of the wet blast process and a conventional process (buffing) are provided by Ogiso Kogyo Co., Ltd., which uses our wet blast system.

Ball screw manufacturing process



Measurement analysis and evaluation

There is a large difference in variations in roughness values Ra and Rz between wet-blasted and buffed products.





Variations Reduced to

The dispersion evaluation of the measured values of each 30 samples of wet-blasted products and conventionally processed (buffed) products is graphed.

e graph shows standard deviations as a dispersion evaluation index.

Both the graph and the numerical data indicate that the roughness variation of wet-blasted products is small.



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Advantages and disadvantages of each method

Comparison of wet blasting and other methods

The table below shows a comparison of wet blasting and other methods used as a ball screw shaft manufacturing process. As a descaling process, wet blasting was compared with shot blasting.

As a finishing process, it was compared with brush polishing, buffing and tape polishing.

In addition, it wer brasting is used, both descating and finishing processes can be done by one unit.

		Shot blast	only	+ Buffing	Tape polishing
Finish		Rough finish	Rough finish	Shiny surface	Shiny surface
Damage to workpieces	Slight shape change	Deep dent	Deep scratches and shape change	Shape change	Adjustment is needed
Variable processing force	Only pressure is changeable	Uncontrollable	Brush replacement required	Buff replacement required	Tape replacement required
Quality stability	Media density control only	Variation in quality	Variation in quality due to wear, frequent replacement	Variation in quality due to wear, frequent replacement	Variation in quality due to settings, frequent replacement
Generation of dust	Not generated due to process using liquid	Generated due to process using powder	Partial disposal required	Partial disposal required	Not generated due to coolant use
Generation of heat	water treatment	heating occurs	heating occurs	heating occurs	heating occurs
Rinsing and drying in the unit	Rinsing and drying	Not available in the unit	Not available in the unit	Not available in the unit	Inlining not possible

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Surface Etching Using Water, Abrasives, and Compressed Air

What is wet blasting?



Wet blasting is a technique to project a mixture of abrasive and water at high speed with compressed air against a material such as metal, plastic, or ceramic to clean, process, and modify its surfaces. It is a wet processing method that allows the use of abrasives as small as several µm in diameter and is suitable for fine processing.

Features

Precise surface finish

This wet processing method allows the use of fine abrasives, which results in fine uneven surfaces after processing.

Reduced operating time by handling multiple operations simultaneously

Grinding and cleaning can be done at the same time, reducing the operating time.

No dust is generated

Mixing of scales and crushed particles with water prevents dust generation and improves the working environment.



MACOHO's Wet Blast System

This system pumps up the slurry, mixes it with compressed air using the blast gun, and then projects the slurry, which is accelerated and dispersed.

The slurry is circulated and reused to reduce waste liquid.

Thanks to the system's advanced automation, the only task required during continuous operation is to supply the abrasive.



Equipment lineup



Automatic type

Wet-blasting cell for ball screws

Two wide guns 90mm Full automatic Roller transport method d draining Independent control of blast air pressure

- Mixing of scales and crushed particles with water prevents dust generation and improves the working environment.
- Fully automatic processing from feed to discharge of workpieces.
- The newly developed wide gun achieves very effective blast projection.
- Size 2100(W)×1675(D)×1600(H)mm
- Processing range \$\$410 to 50 mm \$\$1000 mm or longer
- Blast gun Two wide guns 2.5 × 90mm
- Power supply 200 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 3 phases Air consumption 4.0 m³/min (NTP, at a blast air pressure of 0.25 MPa)

For small and medium lot production



Sigma

Wide gun 600mm X-axis Automation

- Capable of uniform processing (up to 800 × 600 mm surface) with 600 mm wide gun.
- When the door opens and closes it slides to the top.
- and no water drops on the floor. Allows easy programming of blast projection and gun operation.

Size 1550(W)×1530(D)×2100(H)mm

- Processing range 800×600mm
- Blast gun Wide gun 600mm
 - Power supply 200 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 3 phases
- Air consumption 6.2m3/min (NTP at 0.2 MPa of preset blast air pressure)





Robot Blast

Wide gun 180 mm robot Automation

- Capable of processing workpieces of complex shape by
- using a 6-axis articulated robot and rotary table. Equipped with a wide gun capable of uniformly processing
- the entire surface. Allows easy programming of blast projection and gun
- operation.
- Size 1100(W)×1500(D)×1950(H)mm Processing range 400(W)×400(D)×300(H)mm Blast gun Wide gun 180mm Power supply 200 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 3 phases Air consumption 3.8m3/min
 - (NTP at 0.25 MPa of preset blast air pressure)



Wet-blasting cell for steel bars

φ11 L compact gun × 12 Full automatic

Rinsing and draining **Rinsing and draining**

- All in one unit that performs not only oxide film removal but also rinsing and draining.
- Fully automatic processing from feed to discharge of workpieces. The guns surrounding the steel bar remove oxide films with high power

Size 2060(W)×1815(D)×2125(H)mm Processing range ϕ 30 mm or smaller × 1400mm or larger

Blast gun ϕ 11 L compact gun \times 12

Power supply 200 V AC. 50/60 Hz. 3 phases

Air consumption 21.0 m³/min (NTP, at a blast air pressure of 0.4 MPa)



Lambda Type II

Wide gun 320mm X-axis Automation

- Drives a wide gun with the X-axis to batch process a range of up to 600 x 300 mm.
- O Cope with various types of workpieces by changing the jig or gun bracket.
- Allows easy programming of blast projection and gun operation.
- Size 1350(W)×1525(D)×1930(H)mm
- Processing range 600×300mm
- Blast gun Wide gun 320mm Power supply 200 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 3 phases
- Air consumption 5.0m³/min
 - (NTP at 0.25 MPa of preset blast air pressure)



Jr. Type II

Wide gun 160 mm X-axis Automation

- Easy to introduce because of its compact design and very little dust. Uniform surface processing with 1-axis drive and a wide
- gun.
- Allows easy programming of blast projection and gun operation.
- Size 850(W)×920(D)×1450(H)mm Processing range 300×160mm Blast gun Wide gun 160mm
 - Power supply 200 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 3 phases
- Air consumption 2.0m3/min
 - (NTP at 0.25 MPa of preset blast air pressure)